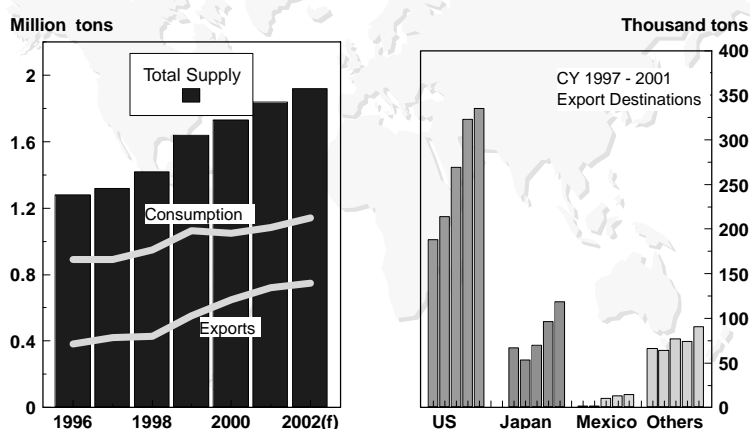


Canada's Swine and Pork Situation

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001(p)	2002 (f)
Swine (1,000 head)							
Total Supply*	30,258	31,335	34,536	36,497	37,957	40,410	42,365
Slaughter	15,178	15,388	16,999	18,928	19,890	20,679	21,600
Exports	2,780	3,181	4,123	4,136	4,364	5,311	5,800
Pork (1,000 tons; carcass weight equivalent)							
Production	1,225	1,257	1,337	1,550	1,638	1,720	1,800
Imports	42	59	64	65	68	91	90
Consumption	885	889	955	1,063	1,047	1,082	1,140
Exports	384	420	432	554	658	727	750
Ending stocks	13	20	34	32	33	35	35

* Total supply = beginning inventories + pig crop + imports.

Canada's Domestic Pork Supply Jumps in 1999 With Surplus Going Into Exports; Consumption and Exports Now Growing Steadily



Canada's pork production for 2002 is forecast to climb about 5 percent to 1.8 million tons, the sixth consecutive record, as the pork industry continues to expand. Pork exports for 2002 are forecast to grow to a record 750,000 tons, while imports are virtually unchanged from the year-ago record at 90,000 tons. Although about 60 percent of Canada's pork exports are destined for the United States, Canada has made significant strides in the Japanese market. Over the past 5 years, Japan's pork imports from Canada have doubled to total 22 percent of Japan's market. Canada's hog exports for 2002 are forecast at a record 5.8 million head as the profitability of exporting feeder pigs to the U.S. Mid-west continues strong. Over the past several years, the ratio of slaughter versus feeder pigs exports to the United States reversed. Feeder hogs now account for about 60 percent of Canada's hog exports as the U.S. industry restructured and prices favored Canadian feeder hog exports. U.S. pork exports to Canada totaled \$156 million in 2001, making it the third largest market for U.S. pork products.